Using Integrated Sounding Systems to observe boundary layer evolution and structure in the Southern Ocean and on the Great Plains.

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Aircraft, radars, lidars, surface fluxes and energy balance, soundings, wind profilers, data system, project management
SOCRATES
Southern Ocean Clouds, Radiation, Aerosol Transport Experimental Study


- Study of clouds, aerosols, air-sea exchanges and their interactions over the Southern Ocean.
- Included NCAR GV aircraft, two ships, ground sites Antarctica and Island.
Integrated Sounding System on RV Investigator

Radiosonde Soundings
Isabel Suhr and Dan Buonome

Boundary layer winds, depth and evolution
Six-week voyage
234 radiosonde soundings

915 MHz Radar Wind Profiler on stabilized platform

Ceilometer and ZephIR Wind Lidar
Radar Wind Profiler

BL Structure, Sea clutter, Ice bergs

1 Feb 2018

5 Feb 2018

Ice bergs
Radar Wind Profiler

- Adjust for ship motion and orientation
- However lots of sea clutter in the Southern Ocean
- Doppler spectra height plot (clutter and atmosphere)
- NIMA (NCAR Improved Moment Algorithm) filtered out clutter
- Allowed wind measurements down to about 300m level

Comparison with soundings

Std Dev
Boundary Layer (1 Feb 2018)

Ceilometer Backscatter

Wind Profiler SNR

Altitude vs. Temperature (°C)

0Z
12Z
24Z
Ceilometer Mixed Layer Depth algorithm.
Implies shallower boundary layer to south as seas get cooler.
Working on comparisons with soundings
GRAINEX

The Great Plains Irrigation Experiment

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Aims to understanding the influence of irrigation on the Planetary Boundary Layer and Weather Events.

Two study areas in Nebraska USA.
Western area is heavily irrigated starting in July.
Eastern area is not irrigated at all.
ISS and other instrumentation positioned in both areas,
Intensive Observation Periods (IOP) in June (pre-irrigation) and in July (irrigation started in Western area).
480 radiosonde soundings.
Time series of Ceilometer MLH

Ceilometer Mixed Layer Height algorithm

Blue is eastern site (non-irrigated)
Red is western site (irrigated in July)

Clear diurnal cycle

July appears lower
Histograms of MLH

Ceilometer Mixed Layer Height algorithm

MLH at both sites lower in July than June

Need to examine diurnal cycle and compare with soundings
Profiles:

Median profiles of Relative Humidity (from soundings) and Profiler SNR (noon).

Relative humidity is higher at western site in July

Peak SNR drops to lower altitude at western site in July

Irrigation may be moistening local atmosphere and lowering boundary layer
   - more analysis needed to confirm this.
LOTOS

Will include the ISS (radar wind profiler, soundings, lidar) along with many other sensors.
• Similar instrumentation at two very different field campaigns (ultimately plan to expand the instrument suite in LOTOS)
• Southern Ocean and Great Plains
• Wind profilers, ceilometers, and soundings
• Comparison of boundary layer depth from various instruments
  ~730 radiosonde soundings (opportunity for algorithm testing)
• Examining influence of surface (SST and irrigation) on boundary layer depth